

# WORKBOOK

PREPARE  ENRICH  
• *building strong marriages* •

———— COUPLE'S WORKBOOK ————  
Seventh-day Adventist Edition

[www.prepare-enrich.com](http://www.prepare-enrich.com)

**Prepared for the Seventh-day Adventist Church by  
the North American Division Department of Family Ministries**

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Life Innovations, Inc.

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## Welcome to the PREPARE/ENRICH Program: Our Goal is to Help You Build and Maintain a Happy Marriage

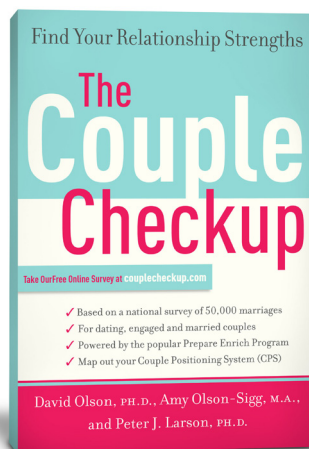
Congratulations! You have taken an important step in building a strong marriage by joining over 2.5 million couples who have benefited from PREPARE/ENRICH. Over the last three decades, this program has been scientifically improved and updated. Research studies have demonstrated it can improve your relationship skills and happiness as a couple.

Remember to work on your relationship by seeking out opportunities to make your relationship grow over time. Continue growing by going on date nights, finding special occasions to celebrate, and keeping your marriage a top priority like you did when you were dating.

If you find you have ongoing problems that don't go away over time, it is important to seek professional counseling. Like any problem or illness, the sooner you go for help, the better the chances are for recovery. If problems persist, contact your current facilitator or go to our website ([www.prepare-enrich.com](http://www.prepare-enrich.com)) and search under "Find a Facilitator."

### On Your Wedding Anniversary – Take the Online Couple Checkup:

One of the best ways to help you maintain a healthy and happy relationship is to invest time and energy in it. We highly recommend at least once a year, perhaps on your wedding anniversary, you take the online Couple Checkup ([www.couplecheckup.com](http://www.couplecheckup.com)). The **Online Couple Checkup** is built on the foundation of PREPARE/ENRICH, and provides you with a **Couple Report** (15-20 pages) and a **Couple Discussion Guide** - both of which help you build a stronger marriage.



### Couple Checkup Book (2008):

The **Couple Checkup** will help you build more strengths in your marriage. It provides a wealth of suggestions and couple exercises to improve your relationship skills so you can work together to create a more satisfying relationship. Available from AdventSource.

**Wishing You a Happy Marriage!**

## GREETINGS FROM THE ADVENTIST CHURCH

Welcome to the wonderful and exciting process of getting ready for marriage. Employing the PREPARE/ENRICH Program is a good choice as you pursue this important enterprise. I am especially pleased we have available the Seventh-day Adventist edition of the *PREPARE/ENRICH Couple's Workbook* in partnership with Life Innovations, Inc. This resource is intentional about providing a Biblical perspective on the principles that lead to strong and healthy marriages.

As you will soon find out, a healthy marriage is much more difficult to sustain than the messages we often receive from television programs and the movies. However, having a healthy marriage is not unlike the commitment it takes to have a well-functioning car. Those who are intentional about keeping their automobiles in good running condition service them at regular intervals in order to keep them in great shape. For your marriage to remain in good shape, you will need to determine from very early that you will service your marriage on a regular basis so that your marital oil will be kept at an appropriate level and your marital tires will remain at an optimum pressure.

A great way to keep your marriage in good running condition is to attend a yearly marriage strengthening event, like a *From This Day Forward* marriage conference or *Journey Toward Intimacy* marriage retreat. To be sure, there are other marriage strengthening programs you may be able to access to assist you in developing skills that will help nurture your marriage. The objective here is to make preparing and continuing to nurture marriage the main emphasis, rather than looking at the wedding as the culminating objective of the uniting of two lives.

There will be times in the days ahead that you will question your decision to marry. This is a normal response to the very serious choice you have made. Be prepared to deal with your feelings by being mindful of the fact professional help is available for your relationship issues, like specialists are available for all kinds of physical and psychological concerns.

As a Christian you have the added bonus of knowing that Jesus has promised to never leave you alone (Matthew 28:20), to keep you in perfect peace (John 14:27), and to supply all of your needs (Philippians 4:19). I encourage you to trust God, and allow Him to lead you and your mate everyday of your lives.

For stronger and healthier marriages,

Willie Oliver, Ph.D.  
Director of Family Ministries  
North American Division of the  
Seventh-day Adventist Church

COUPLE'S WORKBOOK  
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## SHARING STRENGTH AND GROWTH AREAS

*“Your strengths develop by working through your issues.”*

**Check what areas you agree or disagree most with your partner.**

- **Select three Strength Areas** (most agreement and positive aspects of your relationship)
- **Select three Growth Areas** (most disagreement and areas you want to improve)

|                                                                                                  | STRENGTH<br>AREAS | GROWTH<br>AREAS |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1. COMMUNICATION<br><i>We share feelings and understand each other.</i>                          |                   |                 |
| 2. CONFLICT RESOLUTION<br><i>We are able to discuss and resolve differences.</i>                 |                   |                 |
| 3. PERSONAL STYLE AND HABITS<br><i>We appreciate each other's personality and habits.</i>        |                   |                 |
| 4. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT<br><i>We agree on budget and financial matters.</i>                      |                   |                 |
| 5. LEISURE ACTIVITIES<br><i>We have a good balance of activities together and apart.</i>         |                   |                 |
| 6. SEXUALITY AND AFFECTION<br><i>We are comfortable discussing sexual issues and affection.</i>  |                   |                 |
| 7. FAMILY AND FRIENDS<br><i>We feel good about our relationships with relatives and friends.</i> |                   |                 |
| 8. RELATIONSHIP ROLES<br><i>We agree on how to share decision-making and responsibilities.</i>   |                   |                 |
| 9. CHILDREN AND PARENTING<br><i>We agree on issues related to having and raising children.</i>   |                   |                 |
| 10. SPIRITUAL BELIEFS<br><i>We hold similar religious values and beliefs.</i>                    |                   |                 |

### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

1. Take turns sharing what each of you perceive as your relationship strengths. Verbally share one strength at a time, until you each have shared three.
2. Use the same procedure to share and discuss growth areas.
3. Now have a discussion around these questions:
  - a. **Did any of your partner's responses surprise you?**
  - b. **In what areas did you mostly agree with your partner?**
  - c. **In what areas did you mostly disagree with your partner?**



## COMMUNICATION

*“It takes two to speak the truth...one to speak and another to hear.”*

—Henry David Thoreau

### ASSERTIVENESS AND ACTIVE LISTENING

#### ASSERTIVENESS:

*Assertiveness is the ability to express your feelings and ask for what you want in the relationship.*

Assertiveness is a valuable communication skill. In successful couples, both individuals tend to be quite assertive. Rather than assuming their partner can read their minds, they share how they feel and ask clearly and directly for what they want.

Assertive individuals take responsibility for their messages by using “I” statements. They avoid statements beginning with “you.” In making constructive requests, they are positive and respectful in their communication. They use polite phrases such as “please” and “thank you”.

#### Examples of Assertive Statements:

*“I’m feeling out of balance. While I love spending time with you, I also want to spend time with my friends. I would like us to find some time to talk about this.”*

*“I want to take a ski vacation next winter, but I know you like to go to the beach. I’m feeling confused about what choice we should make.”*

#### ACTIVE LISTENING:

*Active listening is the ability to let your partner know you understand them by restating their message.*

Good communication depends on you carefully listening to another person. Active listening involves listening attentively without interruption and then restating what was heard. Acknowledge content AND the feelings of the speaker. The active listening process lets the sender know whether or not the message they sent was clearly understood by having the listener restate what they heard.

#### Examples of Active Listening:

*“I heard you say you are feeling ‘out of balance’, and enjoy the time we spend together but that you also need more time to be with your friends. You want to plan a time to talk about this.”*

*“If I understand what you said, you are concerned because you want to go skiing next winter. But you think I would rather to go to the beach. Is that correct?”*

When each person knows what the other person feels and wants (assertiveness) and when each knows they have been heard and understood (active listening), intimacy is increased. These two communication skills can help you grow closer as a couple.



## COMMUNICATION

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*“It is a luxury to be understood.”*

—Ralph Waldo Emerson

### CREATING A WISH LIST

In this exercise, you will each individually make a Wish List of things you would like more or less of in your relationship. Next, take turns sharing your Wish Lists with each other.

**Assertiveness** is the ability to express your feelings and ask for what you want in your relationship.

**Active listening** is the ability to let your partner know you understand them by restating their message.

In sharing your Wish List with your partner, you will be demonstrating your Assertiveness skills. In giving feedback to your partner about their Wish List, you will be demonstrating your Active Listening skills.

- **Make a Wish List of three things you would like more or less of in your relationship.**

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

Take turns sharing your Wish List with each other.

#### **SPEAKER’S JOB:**

1. Speak for yourself (“I” statements i.e. ”I wish...”)
2. Describe how you would feel if your wish came true.

#### **LISTENER’S JOB:**

1. Repeat/summarize what you have heard.
2. Describe the wish AND how your partner would feel if the wish came true.

After completing the Wish List Exercise, discuss the following questions:

*How good were each of you at being assertive?*

*In what ways did you each effectively use active listening skills?*



## COMMUNICATION

*“Marriage is a team sport; you either win together or lose together.”*

### DAILY DIALOGUE AND DAILY COMPLIMENTS

**Daily Dialogue** is an intentional effort to talk about your relationship, rather than discussing your activities that day. The focus of this dialogue should be on your feelings about each other and your lives together. Set aside five minutes per day to discuss the following:

- *What did you most enjoy about your relationship today?*
- *What was dissatisfying about your relationship today?*
- *How can you be helpful to each other?*

**Daily Compliments** help you focus on the positive things you like about each other. Every day give your partner at least one genuine compliment. These can be general (“*you are fun to be with*”) or specific (“*I appreciate that you were on time for the concert*”).

#### • COMMUNICATION SKILLS TO INCREASE INTIMACY •

1. **Give full attention to your partner when talking.** Turn off the phone, shut off the television, make eye contact.
2. **Focus on the good qualities in each other and often praise each other.**
3. **Be assertive.** Share your thoughts, feelings, and needs.  
A good way to be assertive without being critical is to use “I” rather than “You” statements. (i.e. “*I worry when you don’t let me know you’ll be late*” rather than “*You are always late*”).
4. **Avoid criticism.**
5. **If you must criticize, balance it with at least one positive comment.**  
(i.e. “*I appreciate how you take the trash out each week. In the future can you remember to also wheel the trash can back from the end of the driveway?*”).
6. **Listen to understand, not to judge.**
7. **Use active listening.** Summarize your partner’s comments before sharing your own reactions or feelings.
8. **Avoid blaming each other and work together for a solution.**
9. **Use the Ten Steps approach.** For problems that come up again and again, use the *Ten Steps for Resolving Couple Conflict*.
10. **Seek counseling.** If you are not able to resolve issues, seek counseling before they become more serious.



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT COMMUNICATION

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**PSALM 19:14** May the words of my mouth and the thoughts of my heart be pleasing to you, O Lord, my rock and my redeemer.

**PROVERBS 17:27** A truly wise person uses few words; a person with understanding is even tempered.

**PROVERBS 12:18** Some people make cutting remarks, but the words of the wise bring healing.

**MATTHEW 7:3** And why worry about a speck in the eye of a brother when you have a board in your own?

**PROVERBS 20:19** A gossip tells secrets, so don't hang around with someone who talks too much.

**JAMES 1:19** My dear brothers and sisters, be quick to listen, slow to speak and slow to get angry.

**PROVERBS 18:13** What a shame, what folly, to give advice before listening to the facts!



## PERSONAL STRESS PROFILE

*“Grant me the serenity to accept the things I cannot change; the courage to change the things I can; and the wisdom to know the difference.” —Reinhold Niebuhr*

### IDENTIFYING MOST CRITICAL ISSUES

#### Do you control stress in your life or does stress control you?

Stressors are events that cause an emotional and/or physical reaction. Stress can be positive (wedding, job promotion) or negative (loss of job, car accident, major illness). But what is important is to be able to manage the many stressors in your life.

One way to manage stress is to prioritize the issues that are most important to you. Another is to decide what issues can be changed or resolved and which ones cannot. This exercise will help you focus on the high priority issues and those that can be changed (Box 1).

#### Couple Exercise:

1. You will each select **four issues** that are the most stressful for each of you from the Computer Report.
2. Review each issue and put it into one of the four cells below.
3. Box 1 contains the “Most Critical Issues.”

|               | Able to Change                                                                           | Difficult to Change                                                                                   |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| High Priority | <p><b>Box 1: Most Critical Issues</b></p> <p><i>What changes can you each make?</i></p>  | <p><b>Box 2</b></p> <p><i>How do you plan to cope?</i></p>                                            |
| Low Priority  | <p><b>Box 3</b></p> <p><i>Are you spending too much time on low priority issues?</i></p> | <p><b>Box 4: Least Critical Issues</b></p> <p><i>Can you accept or forget about these issues?</i></p> |

#### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

Select one issue from Box 1 that you will work on together as a couple.

Work together as a team to achieve your goals.

1. Communicate about the issue.
2. Use good conflict resolution skills.
3. Be flexible with one another.



## PERSONAL STRESS PROFILE

*“You can’t stop the waves, but you can learn to surf.”*

—Jon Kabat-Zinn

### BALANCING YOUR PRIORITIES

First, indicate how much time you “Now” spend on each of these areas. Next, decide on the amount of time you would ideally spend—“Your Goal”. Then decide how you can achieve your goal.

|                                      | NOW<br>(Hours per week) | YOUR GOAL | How will you move<br>toward your goal? |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------|
| <b>WORK</b>                          |                         |           |                                        |
| Time on job/school                   | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Bringing work home                   | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Commuting                            | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| <b>PERSONAL:</b>                     |                         |           |                                        |
| Exercise                             | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Television                           | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Computer/video games                 | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Hobby/Recreation                     | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Reading                              | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Friends                              | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Religious activities                 | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Volunteering                         | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Sleep (hours per night)              | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| <b>MARRIAGE: (Couple)</b>            |                         |           |                                        |
| At home together                     | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Activities/Dates                     | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Discussions (minutes per day)        | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| <b>HOME:</b>                         |                         |           |                                        |
| Cleaning                             | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Cooking                              | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Grocery shopping                     | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Errands                              | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Lawn/Garden                          | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Home maintenance                     | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| <b>FAMILY: (if children at home)</b> |                         |           |                                        |
| Number of meals together             | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Family activities                    | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Transporting children                | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| Helping with homework                | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |
| At home together                     | _____                   | _____     | _____                                  |

### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

- What areas feel out of balance to each of you?
- What steps must you take in order for your goal to become reality?



## PERSONAL STRESS PROFILE

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### WEDDING STRESS

Differences and disagreements are as inevitable in wedding planning as they are in marriage itself. This is a good time to learn how to deal with them. Here are some strategies you might find helpful:

*1. Consider the big picture as it affects each decision.* Some decisions will be made consequentially as other wishes are discussed. For example, the guest list should be created early because it shapes decisions about facilities and costs, among other things. If one of you wants a tropical beach wedding and the other a home-town wedding, you can discuss these options in the light of other issues such as the fact both of you want your frail grandparents to come to your wedding. Seeing the larger picture can help you resolve differences.

*2. Ask yourselves who cares more about the issue.* You can decide to gracefully adjust your preference if your partner has strong feelings about an issue. You may prefer a small, intimate wedding but your partner has cherished the family tradition of a large wedding. Try setting a number that gives more to the person who cares the most.

*3. Periodically assess your wedding-planning stress and feelings of competency.* If your partner has not followed through on a task they were responsible for, or if you feel better equipped for a particular task, politely offer to help or take over (i.e., “I am interested in photography and have a light work schedule next week. Is it okay if I research a photographer?”). The key is to agree together on a shift of responsibility, rather than saying, “Since you won’t do it, I will!” The person who has been relieved of one responsibility should then offer to help with other responsibilities.

*4. Teach and learn from one another rather than assuming the other “gets it.”* Sometimes one of you will not see a problem that is quite clear to the other. You can both educate each other about your families and their traditions. The groom from a Catholic family should explain to his Protestant bride what is involved in a traditional Catholic wedding, rather than having surprises keep coming up.

*5. When you are doing your best to deal with your differences and yet remain polarized, consider whether deeper issues are underlying your conflict.* For example, sometimes the issue is not about the size of the wedding but about a feeling of envy or competition because one of you has a bigger family or circle of friends. Sometimes the issue is not between the two of you, but between one of you and your family members.

The standard tools of effective communication taught in PREPARE/ENRICH are particularly important when there is tension between you. Examples are speaking for yourself using “I-statements” rather than attacking the other person, listening to understand before proposing solutions, and choosing the best time and place to talk about difficult matters. Your everyday communication patterns might be fine for everyday matters, but when you are negotiating a wedding, it’s good to be at your best!

From *Take Back Your Wedding: Managing the People Stress of Wedding Planning*, by William J. Doherty and Elizabeth Doherty Thomas (2007). For more information and resources to deal with your wedding, visit [www.TheFirstDance.com](http://www.TheFirstDance.com)



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT PERSONAL STRESS

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**PHILIPPIANS 4:6-7** Do not be anxious about anything, but in everything, by prayer and petition, with thanksgiving, present your requests to God. And the peace of God, which transcends all understanding, will guard your hearts and your minds in Christ Jesus.

**MATTHEW 6:28-30** Jesus said, “Do you worry about clothes? See how the lilies of the field grow. They do not labor or spin. Yet I tell you that not even Solomon in all his splendor was dressed like one of these. If that is how God clothes the grass of the field, which is here today and tomorrow is thrown into the fire, will he not much more clothe you, O you of little faith?”

**1 PETER 5:7** Cast all your anxiety on Jesus because he cares for you.

**LUKE 12:22-23** Jesus said to his disciples: “Therefore I tell you, do not worry about your life, what you will eat; or about your body, what you will wear. Life is more than food, and the body more than clothes.

**EXODUS 33:14** The Lord replied, “My Presence will go with you, and I will give you rest.”

**HEBREWS 13:5** God has said, “Never will I leave you; never will I forsake you.”

**GALATIANS 5:22-23** The fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, faithfulness, gentleness and self-control.

**JOSHUA 1:9** Be strong and courageous. Do not be terrified; do not be discouraged, for the Lord your God will be with you wherever you go.

**MATTHEW 11:28-29** Jesus said, “Come to me, all you who are weary and burdened, and I will give you rest. Take my yoke upon you and learn from me, for I am gentle and humble in heart, and you will find rest for your souls.”

**GALATIANS 6:9** Let us not become weary in doing good, for at the proper time we will reap a harvest if we do not give up.

**PSALM 29:11** The Lord gives strength to his people; the Lord blesses his people with peace.

**PSALM 73:26** My flesh and my heart may fail, but God is the strength of my heart and my portion forever.



## CONFLICT RESOLUTION

### TEN STEPS FOR RESOLVING CONFLICT

All couples have differences and disagreements. Studies show the amount of disagreements are not related to marital happiness as much as how they are handled. Happy couples do not avoid disagreements; they resolve them while remaining respectful of each other, thereby strengthening their relationship. This Ten Step Model is a simple, but effective way to resolve conflict while avoiding the common and destructive patterns. Use this model with an ongoing issue in your relationship, as well as future issues.

**1. Set a time and place for discussion.**

**2. Define the problem - Be specific.**

**3. List the ways you each contribute to the problem?**

Partner 1: \_\_\_\_\_

Partner 2: \_\_\_\_\_

**4. List past attempts to resolve the issue that were not successful.**

1) \_\_\_\_\_ 3) \_\_\_\_\_

2) \_\_\_\_\_ 4) \_\_\_\_\_

**5. Brainstorm**—Pool your new ideas and try to list 10 possible solutions to the problem. Do not judge or criticize any of the suggestions at this point.

1) \_\_\_\_\_ 6) \_\_\_\_\_

2) \_\_\_\_\_ 7) \_\_\_\_\_

3) \_\_\_\_\_ 8) \_\_\_\_\_

4) \_\_\_\_\_ 9) \_\_\_\_\_

5) \_\_\_\_\_ 10) \_\_\_\_\_

**6. Discuss and evaluate each of these possible solutions.** (Be as objective as possible. Talk about how useful and appropriate each suggestion feels for resolving your issue.)

**7. Agree on one solution to try.**

**8. Agree how you will each work toward this solution.** (Be as specific as possible.)

Partner 1: \_\_\_\_\_

Partner 2: \_\_\_\_\_

**9. Set up another meeting to discuss your progress.**

Place: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_

**10. Reward each other for progress.** (If you notice your partner making a positive contribution toward the solution, praise his/her effort.)



## CONFLICT RESOLUTION

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*“Anyone can become angry. That is easy. But to be angry with the right person, to the right degree, at the right time, for the right purpose and in the right way – that is not easy.”*

—Aristotle

### HOW TO TAKE A TIME-OUT

Some conflicts become heated as levels of anger and frustration rise. Rather than speaking assertively, partners begin to accuse, criticize, or yell. Rather than listening actively, partners interrupt, belittle, and ignore. Physiologically, the “fight or flight” response is triggered as each person goes into a protection mode with little or no regard for their partner. In this state of escalation, it is not uncommon to say or do things we later regret. Moreover, it is nearly impossible to have a productive conversation leading to a mutually agreed upon resolution. This is when a “time-out” can be beneficial. A time-out provides couples with an opportunity to cool down, identify their feelings and needs, and begin to think productively again about how to approach the issues they face.

**1. RECOGNIZE your need for a time-out.** Are your fists clenched? Is your face red? Are you breathing fast? Are the tears streaming down your face? Do you feel like screaming or throwing something? Are you afraid of your partner’s intensity? Do you feel emotionally closed off?

- Learn to recognize the signs that things have become too intense for you to have a productive interaction with your partner.
- What physical and emotional reactions indicate you need a time-out?

**2. REQUEST THE TIME-OUT.** Call a time-out for yourself by saying something like “I’m just too angry to talk right now; I need to take a time-out. Please give me an hour to calm down and gather my thoughts.”

- Remember to call the time-out for yourself. It is seldom helpful to tell the other person “You need a time-out!” Suggest a time when you think you’ll be ready to resume.

**3. RELAX AND CALM DOWN.** Take some deep breaths. Go for a jog. Take a walk or a bath. Write in your journal. Read, pray, or watch television for a while.

- Do something that will help you relax and recover from the emotional intensity.
- What method(s) could you use to calm down?

**4. REMEMBER WHAT’S IMPORTANT.**

- Try to identify what you were thinking and feeling that became so difficult to discuss.
- Think about “I” messages you could use to tell your partner what you were thinking or feeling, and what you need from him/her.
- Try to spend some quiet time considering your partner’s point of view and what they are feeling.
- Remember the two of you are a team, and the only way your relationship will “win” is if you work toward a solution that both individuals can feel good about.

**5. RESUME THE CONVERSATION.** Bring in the skills of Assertiveness and Active Listening and/or the Ten Steps for Conflict Resolution. These structured skills can help contain the intensity as you attempt to resolve a conflict. Honor your commitment to return to the issue when you are ready to have a more productive conversation.



## CONFLICT RESOLUTION

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*“The weak can never forgive. Forgiveness is the attribute of the strong.”*

—Mahatma Gandhi

### SEEKING AND GRANTING FORGIVENESS

All couples eventually experience times of conflict, hurt, and letting each other down. Sometimes the offense is as minor as forgetting a date or failing to run an errand. For some couples, the offense might involve a major betrayal such as infidelity, addiction, or abuse. Either way, taking time to seek and grant forgiveness can play a powerful role in healing and restoring the relationship.

Forgiveness is the decision or choice to give up the right for vengeance, retribution, and negative thoughts toward an offender in order to be free from anger and resentment. This process promotes healing and restoration of inner peace, and it can allow reconciliation to take place in the relationship.

It is also important to be clear about what forgiveness is not. Forgiveness is not forgetting, condoning, or perpetuating injustice. Since it is sometimes unsafe or impossible, forgiveness does not always involve reconciliation. Forgiveness is not always quick; it is a process that can take time to unfold. Don't rush your partner if they need to spend days or weeks working through the process of granting forgiveness.

#### Six Steps for Seeking Forgiveness:

1. Admit what you did was wrong or hurtful.
2. Try to understand/empathize with the pain you have caused.
3. Take responsibility for your actions and make restitution if necessary.
4. Assure your partner you will not do it again.
5. Apologize and ask for forgiveness.
6. Forgive yourself.

#### Six Steps for Granting Forgiveness:

1. Acknowledge your pain and anger. Allow yourself to feel disrespected.
2. Be specific about your future expectations and limits.
3. Give up your right to “get even,” but insist on being treated better in the future.
4. Let go of blame, resentment, and negativity toward your partner.
5. Communicate your act of forgiveness to your partner.
6. Work toward reconciliation (when safe).

*Created in part with content contributions made by Richard D. Marks, Ph.D., Marriage for Life, Inc., Jacksonville, FL*



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT CONFLICT RESOLUTION

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**COLOSSIANS 3:19** And you husbands must love your wives and never treat them harshly.

**EPHESIANS 4:26** And “don’t sin by letting anger gain control over you.” Don’t let the sun go down while you are still angry.

**PROVERBS 14:29** Those who control their anger have great understanding; those with a hasty temper will make mistakes.

**PROVERBS 17:14** Beginning a quarrel is like opening a floodgate, so drop the matter before a dispute breaks out.

**ECCLESIASTES 7:8-9** Finishing is better than starting. Patience is better than pride. Don’t be quick-tempered, for anger is the friend of fools.

**ROMANS 12:19** Don’t quarrel with anyone. Be at peace with everyone, just as much as possible.

**1 THESSALONIANS 5:11** So encourage each other and build each other up, just as you are already doing.

**ROMANS 12:17** Never pay back evil for evil to anyone. Do things in such a way that everyone can see you are honorable.



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT SELF-CONTROL

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**PROVERBS 25:28** A person without self-control is as defenseless as a city with broken-down walls.

**GALATIANS 5:22-23** But when the Holy Spirit controls our lives, he will produce this kind of fruit in us: love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, faithfulness, gentleness, and self-control. Here there is no conflict with the law.

**2 TIMOTHY 1:7** For God has not given us a spirit of fear and timidity, but of power, love, and self-discipline.

**TITUS 2:2** Teach the older men to exercise self-control, to be worthy of respect, and to live wisely. They must have strong faith and be filled with love and patience.

**1 PETER 1:13** So think clearly and exercise self-control. Look forward to the special blessings that will come to you at the return of Jesus Christ.

**2 PETER 1:5,6** So make every effort to apply the benefits of these promises to your life. Then your faith will produce a life of moral excellence. A life of moral excellence leads to knowing God better. Knowing God leads to self-control. Self-control leads to patient endurance, and patient endurance leads to godliness.



## FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

*“Thrift used to be a basic American virtue. Now the American virtue is to spend money.”* —David Brinkley

### THE CHALLENGES OF MONEY

The joining of two individuals is the joining of two different orientations to money. Our early experiences help shape our values about money. Money operates metaphorically in our lives, representing many other things such as security, nurturance, opportunity, trust, and the relationship between dependence and independence. Little wonder then that money is a major cause of conflict and a multilayered problem for married couples.

#### **Setting Financial Goals Exercise:**

Often goals are an extension of money orientations and should be considered together. The partner who is oriented to security is more apt to have financial goals around savings than the partner whose money orientation is centered around enjoyment. Create, discuss, and share financial goals in the Financial Goals exercise.

#### **Creating a Budget Exercise:**

Budgeting is the process of allocating expenses on a regular basis. Budgeting puts you in control of your spending—a process that can be very empowering in a culture where we are constantly enticed to spend money. One good way to create a budget is to keep track of everything you spend money on for 1-3 months, and then average your expenditures per category. Complete the Budget Worksheet as your workable budget, making sure to allot a monthly amount into ‘savings’.

#### **The Meaning of Money Exercise:**

In this exercise you will assess and then discuss your orientation toward money. The advantage of understanding your partner’s money orientation is you can then capitalize on and balance each other’s strengths.

**A Word about Savings.** The book, “The Millionaire Next Door” by Stanley and Danko (1996) illuminated the fact that the average American millionaire is self-made, most often living modestly, choosing to save at least 15% of their income and spending much less on material possessions. A high-profile spender, driving expensive cars and wearing designer clothing, often times has little investment or savings.

Only 19% of the millionaires surveyed received any of their wealth from an estate or trust fund, dispelling the popular myth that wealth is often passed down from previous generations. Saving allows a person to benefit from compounding interest and is key to any good financial management plan.



## FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

*“There is nothing wrong with men possessing riches. The wrong comes when riches possess men.”—Billy Graham*

### IMPORTANCE OF FINANCIAL GOALS

Couples argue about finances more than any other topic. Regardless of how much or how little money a couple has, deciding what to purchase and how to spend their money is problematic for most couples.

Typically, most couples focus on only short-term financial goals like: “Today I will pay \$100 on my credit card bill.” But short-term goals should also take into consideration your long-term goals like: “We want to save enough to make a down payment on a house.”

One way to reduce the amount of conflict regarding finances is for you and your partner to discuss and decide on your short-term and long-term financial goals. Setting common goals as a couple can increase your sense of teamwork and collaboration in this complex area of finances.

#### Identifying and Deciding on Your Financial Goals

Each person should individually brainstorm their short-term and long-term financial goals and then share them with each other. Short-term goals should be what you can achieve in six months to one year. Long term goals might be achieved from one to five years. Remember, your goals should be realistic, clear and specific.

##### Short-Term Goals: (six months to one year)

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

##### Long-Term Goals: (one to five years)

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

#### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

- Share your lists with one another. What do they have in common?
- Where are they different?
- Decide together as a couple on your common goals.
- Talk about how you can each contribute to achieving these goals.
- Revisit them from time to time so you stay on track.



## FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

### BUDGET WORKSHEET

| <b>MONTHLY INCOME: (Take Home Pay)</b> |                       |                  |                    |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|
|                                        | Total Partner 1:      |                  |                    |
|                                        | Total Partner 2:      |                  |                    |
|                                        | <b>TOTAL COUPLE:</b>  |                  |                    |
|                                        |                       |                  |                    |
| MONTHLY EXPENSES                       |                       | Current Spending | Future Budget Plan |
| GIVING                                 | Contributions/Tithe:  |                  |                    |
| HOUSING                                | Rent or Mortgage:     |                  |                    |
|                                        | Utilities:            |                  |                    |
|                                        | Phone:                |                  |                    |
| LOANS/DEBT                             | Auto:                 |                  |                    |
|                                        | Personal:             |                  |                    |
|                                        | Credit Cards:         |                  |                    |
| CAR                                    | Gasoline:             |                  |                    |
|                                        | Repairs/Maintenance:  |                  |                    |
| FOOD                                   | Food at home:         |                  |                    |
|                                        | Food away from home:  |                  |                    |
| HEALTH CARE                            |                       |                  |                    |
| INSURANCE                              | Medical:              |                  |                    |
|                                        | Car:                  |                  |                    |
|                                        | Home/Life/Health:     |                  |                    |
| CLOTHING                               |                       |                  |                    |
| PERSONAL GOODS                         |                       |                  |                    |
| HOUSEHOLD SUPPLIES                     |                       |                  |                    |
| SERVICES                               | Cell phone:           |                  |                    |
|                                        | Cable/Dish:           |                  |                    |
|                                        | Internet:             |                  |                    |
|                                        | Dry Cleaning/Laundry: |                  |                    |
|                                        | Other:                |                  |                    |
| OTHER EXPENDITURES                     | Savings:              |                  |                    |
|                                        | Gifts:                |                  |                    |
|                                        | Entertainment:        |                  |                    |
|                                        | Daycare:              |                  |                    |
|                                        | Child support:        |                  |                    |
|                                        | Other:                |                  |                    |
| <b>TOTAL COUPLE INCOME:</b>            |                       |                  |                    |
| <b>TOTAL EXPENSES:</b>                 |                       |                  |                    |
| <b>SURPLUS OR DEFICIT:</b>             |                       |                  |                    |



## FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

|                           |               |                |            |                        |
|---------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------------------|
| 1<br>Strongly<br>Disagree | 2<br>Disagree | 3<br>Undecided | 4<br>Agree | 5<br>Strongly<br>Agree |
|---------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------------------|

### THE MEANING OF MONEY

Use the 1-5 scale to respond to each of the statements below:

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. I look up to people who have been very financially successful.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. In making a major purchase, I consider what others will think of my choice.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Having high quality things reflects well on me.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. It is important for me to maintain a lifestyle similar to or better than that of my peers.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Having some money in savings is very important to me.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. I would rather have extra money in the bank than some new purchase.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. I prefer safe investing with a moderate return versus high-risk investing with potentially high returns.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. I feel more secure when I know we have enough money for our bills.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. I really enjoy shopping and buying new things.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. People who have more money have more fun.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. I really enjoy spending money on myself and on others.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. Money can't buy happiness, but it sure helps.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13. He or she who controls the purse strings calls the shots.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. I would be uncomfortable putting all my money into a joint account.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15. One of the important benefits of money is the ability to influence others.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16. I think we each should control the money we earn.

**Scoring and interpretation:** After taking the quiz, add up your answers to the four questions for each category and record your scores below. Scores for each category can range from 4 to 20, with a high score indicating more agreement with that approach. It is possible to have high or low scores in more than one category. General guidelines for interpreting your scores appear in the box below.

| Category           | Add<br>Items | Your<br>Score | Interpretation<br>of Score | Score | Interpretation |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|-------|----------------|
| Money as status    | 1–4          | _____         | _____                      | 17–20 | Very high      |
| Money as security  | 5–8          | _____         | _____                      | 13–16 | High           |
| Money as enjoyment | 9–12         | _____         | _____                      | 9–12  | Moderate       |
| Money as control   | 13–16        | _____         | _____                      | 4–8   | Low            |

### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

Compare how you individually scored in each category. Discuss how you each value money.



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT FINANCES & MONEY

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**LUKE 16:13** “No one can serve two masters. For you will hate one and love the other, or be devoted to one and despise the other. You cannot serve both God and money.”

**PROVERBS 3:9-10** Honor the LORD with your wealth and with the best part of everything your land produces. Then he will fill your barns with grain, and your vats will overflow with the finest wine.

**PROVERBS 13:11** Wealth from get-rich-quick schemes quickly disappears; wealth from hard work grows.

**ECCLESIASTES 5:10** Those who love money will never have enough. How absurd to think that wealth brings true happiness!

**HEBREWS 13:5** Stay away from the love of money; be satisfied with what you have. For God has said, “I will never fail you. I will never forsake you.”

**1 TIMOTHY 6:6-10** Yet true religion with contentment is great wealth. After all, we didn’t bring anything with us when we came into the world, and we certainly cannot carry anything with us when we die. So if we have enough food and clothing, let us be content. But people who long to be rich fall into temptation and are trapped by many foolish and harmful desires that plunge them into ruin and destruction. For the love of money is at the root of all kinds of evil.

**1 TIMOTHY 6: 17-19** Tell those who are rich in this world not to be proud and not to trust in their money, which will soon be gone. But their trust should be in the living God, who richly gives us all we need for our enjoyment. Tell them to use their money to do good. They should be rich in good works and should give generously to those in need, always being ready to share with others whatever God has given them. By doing this they will be storing up their treasure as a good foundation for the future so that they may take hold of real life.

**MATTHEW 6:19-21** “Don’t store up treasures here on earth where they can erode away or may be stolen. Store them in heaven where they will never lose their value and are safe from thieves. If your profits are in heaven, your heart will be there too.”



## LEISURE ACTIVITIES

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### THE DATING EXERCISE

If you want to keep your relationship alive and growing, our best advice is to date your mate! Dating will help you maintain a friendship—one of the best indicators of a successful, long-term marriage. The habit of dating is the catalyst for building your couple friendship and staying emotionally connected through the coming years. This exercise will help you establish, reestablish, or reinforce the dating habit.

**1. Separately write down your answers to the following questions:**

- As you think about the life of your relationship, what have been your most favorite dates?

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- What do you enjoy doing together? (sports, hobbies, interests, and recreational activities)

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- What are some things you would like to learn or pursue together? (i.e. sports, cooking, hiking)

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**2. Share your answers with each other and brainstorm a combined list of potential dates.**

- a. \_\_\_\_\_ c. \_\_\_\_\_  
b. \_\_\_\_\_ d. \_\_\_\_\_

**3. Evaluate your combined list and rank the order in which to do them.** Use the criteria below to evaluate your dates. For instance, if your budget is tight, you may want to recreate a favorite date when you made peanut butter and jelly sandwiches and had a picnic in the park.

- **Time required for date** (for instance, 1 hour, 2 hours, evening, afternoon, morning or whole day)
- **Financial resources needed for date** (\$ = inexpensive, \$\$ = moderate, \$\$\$ = expensive)
- **Energy level** (low energy, medium energy, high energy)

- a. \_\_\_\_\_ c. \_\_\_\_\_  
b. \_\_\_\_\_ d. \_\_\_\_\_

**4. Now pull out your calendars and write in one date a week for the next two months.** It takes three weeks to make a new habit (or relearn an old one) and six weeks to feel good about it. Date your partner once a week for the next two months and you will be well on your way to energizing your relationship with fun, romance and laughter!

For information on the *10 Great Dates* By David and Claudia Arp visit: [www.marriagealive.com](http://www.marriagealive.com)



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT LEISURE ACTIVITIES:

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**PSALM 86:15** You, O Lord, are a compassionate and gracious God, slow to anger, abounding in love and faithfulness.

**LAMENTATIONS 3:21-23** This I call to mind and therefore I have hope: Because of the Lord's great love we are not consumed, for his compassions never fail. They are new every morning; great is your faithfulness.

**1 CORINTHIANS 1:9** God, who has called you into fellowship with his Son Jesus Christ our Lord, is faithful.

**LAMENTATIONS 3:25** The Lord is good to those whose hope is in him, to the one who seeks him.

**PROVERBS 12:25** An anxious heart weighs a man down, but a kind word cheers him up.

**2 THESSALONIANS 2:16-17** May our Lord Jesus Christ himself and God our Father, who loved us and by his grace gave us eternal encouragement and good hope, encourage your hearts and strengthen you in every good deed and word.

**PROVERBS 17:17** A friend loves at all times.

**PROVERBS 27:6** Wounds from a friend can be trusted.

**JOHN 15:13-14** Jesus said, "Greater love has no one than this, that he lay down his life for his friends. You are my friends if you do what I command.

**PROVERBS 27:9** Perfume and incense bring joy to the heart, and the pleasantness of one's friend springs from his earnest counsel.

**JOHN 15:15** Jesus said, "I no longer call you servants, because a servant does not know his master's business. Instead, I have called you friends, for everything that I learned from my Father I have made known to you."

**ISAIAH 41:10** Do not fear, for I am with you; do not be dismayed, for I am your God. I will strengthen you and help you; I will uphold you with my righteous right hand.



## SEX AND AFFECTION

### THE EXPRESSION OF INTIMACY

Emotional intimacy and physical intimacy are closely related. Couples who have a good emotional relationship and feel loved and appreciated have the best physical relationship.

#### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

**The following questions were designed using the definition of affection as “any verbal or nonverbal expression that communicates love in a non-sexual way.”**

Affection is, to a large degree, a learned skill. Even those who seem to be “naturals” in this area usually had some training in their childhood as they saw and experienced the expressions of affection modeled around them. Those for whom affection seems awkward may have come from a home where affection was absent or rarely expressed. Either way, it’s important to discuss your upbringing and how it has affected your expectations in this area.

- **What does “affection” mean to you?**
- **How much affection was there in your families growing up (verbal and nonverbal)?**
- **How did you respond to the affection (or lack of affection) you received?**
- **How did your father show affection?**
- **How did your mother show affection ?**
- **On a scale of 1-10, how much affection do you want in your marriage?**  
(1—very little, 10—great amount)

#### *For Premarital Couples:*

- What was the attitude toward sex in your family? Was it talked about?
- Where did you learn about sex?
- Have you fully disclosed your sexual history to your partner? If not, why not?
- Has lack of affection or sexual dissatisfaction ever been a factor for you in the breakup of a relationship?
- Discuss your views on pornography.
- Have you discussed family planning and/or birth control?

#### *For Married Couples:*

- What do you need in order to be in the mood for sex?
- Do you feel comfortable initiating sex? Why or why not?
- How often would you prefer or expect sex?
- What sexual activities do you enjoy most?
- Are there specific sexual acts that make you uncomfortable?
- How could you each contribute to making your sexual relationship more satisfying?



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT SEXUALITY

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**PROVERBS 5:18-20** Let your wife be a fountain of blessing for you. Rejoice in the wife of your youth. She is a loving doe, a graceful deer. Let her breasts satisfy you always. May you always be captivated by her love.

**1 CORINTHIANS 7:3** The husband should not deprive his wife of sexual intimacy, which is her right as a married woman, nor should the wife deprive her husband.

**1 CORINTHIANS 7:4-5** The wife gives authority over her body to her husband, and the husband also gives authority over his body to his wife. So do not deprive each other of sexual relations.

**HEBREWS 13:4** Give honor to marriage, and remain faithful to one another in marriage. God will surely judge people who are immoral and those who commit adultery.

**EPHESIANS 5:28** In the same way, husbands ought to love their wives as they love their own bodies. For a man is actually loving himself when he loves his wife.

**SONG OF SOLOMON 7:10-12** I am my lover's, the one he desires. Come, my love, let us go out into the fields and spend the night among the wildflowers. Let us get up early and go out to the vineyards. Let us see whether the vines have budded, whether the blossoms have opened, and whether the pomegranates are in flower. And there I will give you my love.



## RELATIONSHIP ROLES

*“All animals are equal, but some animals are more equal than others.”—George Orwell*

### SHARING ROLES

List your responsibilities and your partner’s responsibilities related to the household and/or children. Your partner should also separately create the same two lists. *Note: For couples who are not yet sharing a household, complete these lists as things you expect to do in your future household.*

**Things You Do** (or plan to do)  
**for your Household**

**Things Your Partner Does** (or plans to do)  
**for your Household**

a. \_\_\_\_\_

a. \_\_\_\_\_

b. \_\_\_\_\_

b. \_\_\_\_\_

c. \_\_\_\_\_

c. \_\_\_\_\_

d. \_\_\_\_\_

d. \_\_\_\_\_

e. \_\_\_\_\_

e. \_\_\_\_\_

f. \_\_\_\_\_

f. \_\_\_\_\_

### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

1. After you have each completed your lists, compare and discuss them. Any surprises?
2. Are roles mainly divided by interests and skill, or by more traditional male/female roles?
3. Consider for a moment how similar or dissimilar these lists are compared to what you witnessed in your parent’s roles growing up.
4. Discuss what each of you would like to adjust in your lists of roles. If needed, agree on how you might revise your current lists.
5. Revise your current lists, finalizing an agreement about tasks you will each do in the future. Set a time to review the new lists.

### Relationship Roles Exercise: Switching Roles for a Week

After you have each completed your Household Tasks lists, plan a day (or a week) when you can perform each other’s household responsibilities. This Role Reversal experiment will help you gain a new appreciation for one another.



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT RELATIONSHIP ROLES

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**EPHESIANS 4:2-3** Be completely humble and gentle; be patient, bearing with one another in love. Make every effort to keep the unity of the Spirit through the bond of peace.

**COLOSSIANS 3:13** Bear with each other and forgive whatever grievances you have against one another. Forgive as the Lord forgave you.

**ROMANS 12:3-5** By the grace given me I say to every one of you: Do not think of yourself more highly than you ought, but rather think of yourself with sober judgment, in accordance with the measure of faith God has given you. Just as each of us has one body with many members, and these members do not all have the same function, so in Christ we who are many form one body, and each member belongs to all the others.

**MATTHEW 22:37-39** Jesus said, “Love the Lord your God with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your mind.” This is the first and greatest commandment. And the second is like it: “Love your neighbor as yourself.”

**ECCLESIASTES 4:9-10, 12** Two are better than one, because they have a good return for their work: If one falls down, his friend can help him up. But pity the man who falls and has no one to help him up!...Though one may be overpowered, two can defend themselves. A cord of three strands is not quickly broken.

**TITUS 2:7-8** In everything set them an example by doing what is good. In your teaching show integrity, seriousness and soundness of speech that cannot be condemned, so that those who oppose you may be ashamed because they have nothing bad to say about us.

**GALATIANS 6:10** Therefore, as we have opportunity, let us do good to all people, especially to those who belong to the family of believers.

**JOHN 13:25** Jesus said, “By this all men will know that you are my disciples, if you love one another.”

**PROVERBS 13:20** He who walks with the wise grows wise, but a companion of fools suffers harm.

**GALATIANS 6:2** Carry each other’s burdens, and in this way you will fulfill the law of Christ.

**JAMES 3:18** Peacemakers who sow in peace raise a harvest of righteousness.

**1 PETER 1:22** Love one another deeply, from the heart.



## SPIRITUAL BELIEFS

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*“We are not human beings having a spiritual experience;  
we are spiritual beings having a human experience.”*

—Pierre Teilhard de Chardin

### **YOUR SPIRITUAL JOURNEY:**

Spirituality and faith are powerful dimensions of the human experience. Spiritual beliefs can provide a foundation for the values and behaviors of individuals and couples. People who profess a spiritual faith do, indeed, feel their beliefs breathe life into their relationships. Couples with high agreement on spiritual beliefs report much higher levels of marital satisfaction and closeness than those with low spiritual agreement.

Given the potential benefits of spiritual beliefs in a relationship, it makes sense for partners to explore and evaluate their compatibility regarding spiritual beliefs. Couples with strong spiritual beliefs and practices say their faith provides a foundation that deepens their love and helps them grow together and achieve their dreams. If you and your partner’s spiritual beliefs are incompatible, talking about the origins of your beliefs can help you understand one another.

### **COUPLE DISCUSSION:**

How much do you know about your partner’s religious history? How much do you know about your own religious history? Family heritage lends a sense of stability and tranquility to relationships.

Set aside some time to discuss the following questions together and share your individual responses. If you do not have the answers, ask other family members about their perspective.

1. What is your family’s religious tradition and heritage?
2. What holidays (holy days) and rituals does your family observe?
3. How similar or dissimilar are your personal religious and spiritual beliefs compared to those of your family?
4. What holidays (holy days) and rituals do you find personally meaningful?
5. What holiday/religious symbols hold special meaning to you (the Menorah, a Cross, or a Christmas tree)?
6. Is/was there significance to the food you prepare?
7. What is the meaning of the gifts you exchange?
8. How does your spiritual life affect your values and the decisions you make?
9. To what extent do you/would you like to integrate your faith or spiritual life into your marriage relationship?
10. Do you have strong feelings or opinions about the religious upbringing you’d like to provide for your children?
11. How has your understanding of God changed through your life?
12. What do you believe is the meaning of life?



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT SPIRITUAL BELIEFS

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**PSALM 23:1** The Lord is my Shepherd I shall not want.

**PSALM 27:1** The Lord is my light and my salvation – so why should I be afraid? The Lord protects me from danger – so why should I tremble?

**2 TIMOTHY 1:7** For God has not given us a spirit of fear and timidity, but of power, love, and self-discipline.

**HEBREWS 13:5,6** For God has said, “I will never fail you. I will never forsake you.” That is why we can say with confidence, “The Lord is my helper, so I will not be afraid. What can mere mortals do to me?”

**1 PETER 5:6,7** So humble yourselves under the mighty power of God, and in his good time he will honor you. Give all your worries and cares to God, for he cares about what happens to you.

**DEUTERONOMY 31:8** “Do not be afraid or discouraged, for the Lord is the one who goes before you. He will be with you; he will neither fail you nor forsake you.”

**MATTHEW 10:39** If you cling to your life, you will lose it; but if you give it up for me, you will find it.



## MARRIAGE EXPECTATIONS

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*“Every disappointment involves an unmet expectation.”*

### MANAGING YOUR EXPECTATIONS:

Expectations about love and marriage have a powerful impact on relationships. To a large degree, you will be disappointed or happy in life based on how well what is happening matches up with what you think should be happening. All married couples start out hoping for and believing they will experience the very best. Problems arise when these hopes and beliefs are not based on reality.

The following statements are common fantasies couples have about marriage. Read them and select the ones you believe are true. Take turns sharing and discussing these with each other.

1. My partner will meet all my needs for companionship.
2. Time will resolve our problems.
3. If I have to ask, it is not as meaningful.
4. We should live ‘happily ever after’ with no major problems.
5. Keeping secrets about my past or present is acceptable if it would only cause pain for my partner.
6. Less romance means we have less love for one another.
7. Our relationship will remain the same.
8. My partner’s interest in sex will be the same as mine.
9. Our relationship will be better when we have a baby.
10. We will do things just like my family did.
11. Nothing could cause us to question our love for one another.
12. I believe I know everything there is to know about my partner.
13. Love is all you need for a great marriage.
14. It is better to keep silent about something bothering me than to cause unnecessary problems in our relationship.

### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

1. Which of these questions have you been tempted to believe?
2. If you agree with these statements, how might they set you up for being disappointed later on?
3. How does believing or living out these statements keep you from fully loving and/or honoring yourself and your partner?



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT MARRIAGE

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**GENESIS 2:18,24** And the LORD God said, “It is not good for the man to be alone. I will make a companion who will help him. This explains why a man leaves his father and mother and is joined to his wife, and the two are united into one.”

**MATTHEW 19:4-6** “Haven’t you read the Scriptures?” Jesus replied. “They record that from the beginning ‘God made them male and female.’ And Jesus said, ‘This explains why a man leaves his father and mother and is joined to his wife, and the two are united into one.’ Since they are no longer two but one, let no one separate them, for God has joined them together.”

**ECCLESIASTES 4:9-11** Two people can accomplish more than twice as much as one; they get a better return for their labor. If one person falls, the other can reach out and help. But people who are alone when they fall are in real trouble. And on a cold night, two under the same blanket can gain warmth from each other. But how can one be warm alone?

**PROVERBS 31:10,11** Who can find a virtuous and capable wife? She is worth more than precious rubies. Her husband can trust her, and she will greatly enrich his life.

**EPHESIANS 5:25** And you husbands must love your wives with the same love Christ showed the church. He gave up his life for her.

**EPHESIANS 5:31-33** As the Scriptures say, “A man leaves his father and mother and is joined to his wife, and the two are united into one.” This is a great mystery, but it is an illustration of the way Christ and the church are one. So again I say, each man must love his wife as he loves himself, and she must respect her husband.

**1 PETER 3:7** In the same way, you husbands must give honor to your wives. Treat her with understanding as you live together. She may be weaker than you are, but she is your equal partner in God’s gift of new life. If you don’t treat her as you should, your prayers will not be heard.

**GENESIS 2:23-24** “At last!” Adam exclaimed. “She is part of my own flesh and bone! She will be called ‘woman,’ because she was taken out of a man. This explains why a man leaves his father and mother and is joined to his wife, and the two are united into one.

**MATTHEW 18:19** “I also tell you this—if two of you agree down here on earth concerning anything you ask for, my Father in heaven will do it for you.

**AMOS 3:3** Can two people walk together without agreeing on the direction?



## CHILDREN AND PARENTING

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*“Before I got married, I had six theories about bringing up children;  
now I have six children and no theories.”*

—John Wilmot

### ***FOR COUPLES PLANNING TO HAVE CHILDREN:***

#### **COUPLE DISCUSSION ABOUT CHILDREN:**

1. Discuss if and when you would like to have children.
2. How many children would you like to have?
3. What would you do if you had an unexpected pregnancy before you planned to have children?
4. What would you do if you learned you were unable to have children (i.e. Adoption? Fertility treatments?)
5. What are your expectations for the roles of a Father and a Mother?
6. Who do you anticipate or expect will care for your child during their infancy and early childhood (You? Your partner? A daycare provider? Grandparents?)
7. How would you prefer to handle discipline? (i.e. Do you believe in spanking, time-outs, taking away privileges, etc.)
8. As a parent, what would you want to do differently than your family of origin?
9. How important is it to you that your children are reared near your extended family?
10. Do you believe children should be reared with some religious or spiritual foundation?  
What values do you hope to teach your children?

### ***FOR COUPLES WITH CHILDREN:***

#### **PLANNING A WEEKLY FAMILY CONFERENCE**

A family conference is a time for the family to connect and to reflect on recent family and personal experiences. Spending this time together helps family members feel supported and gives a new energy and sense of solidarity to the family system.

#### **Guidelines:**

- Be sure everyone who is old enough participates.
- Establish a regular time and place-when the entire family is normally together.
- Encourage and share ideas. Do not criticize and critique.

#### **FAMILY DISCUSSION:**

1. What do you feel was the best thing that happened to you or within the family this week?
2. What was the worst thing that happened to you or within the family this week?
3. For an issue that was brought up in the previous question, what could have been done differently?
4. What is a strength of your family?



## CHILDREN AND PARENTING

*“After two years, I still feel like an outsider.”* —A Stepparent

### STEPFAMILIES: CHOOSING REALISTIC EXPECTATIONS

Read through these common myths, noticing if any of them resonate with you and your partner. Use the questions in the Couple Discussion (below) to guide your discussion.

**Myth:** Because we love each other, the other family members will also love each other.

**Reality:** Love and/or good relationships may or may not happen between stepfamily members. It will likely take time for emotional bonds to develop; some will bond quickly, others slowly, and it is possible that some individuals may never bond.

**Myth:** We’ll do marriage better this time around.

**Reality:** Those who have experienced a breakup or divorce often have learned tough lessons from the past. While a new marriage involves different people and different dynamics, it is not uncommon for individuals to slip into the same old patterns and routines (i.e., being avoidant during conflict). Be mindful not to repeat mistakes of the past.

**Myth:** Our children will feel as happy about this new family as we do.

**Reality:** The truth is children will at best be confused about the new marriage and at worst, they’ll resent it. Remarriage is a gain for adults and a challenge for children. Only after much time, when family stability is obtained, does the remarriage also become a gain for children. Be patient with them.

**Myth:** The stepparent(s) will quickly bond with the children and act like another parent.

**Reality:** Sometimes stepparents want so badly to be accepted they try to manage the children as a parent would. They may also try to show affection like a biological parent would. Children often need some space initially to build a relationship with the stepparent. It is often a good idea to let the child set the pace and follow their lead.

**Myth:** We will be able to easily form a new family.

**Reality:** In most cases, children didn’t ask for this new family, they need time to develop a history and sense of family. Don’t push to create relationships. It is often better to have minimal expectations of how relationships will develop rather than grand expectations which may fail to materialize.

### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

1. Which of these myths have you been tempted to believe?
2. How could having these unrealistic expectations set you up for frustration and disappointment?
3. How are you going to balance/prioritize the challenges of a stepfamily while also nourishing your couple relationship?

Adapted from *The Smart Stepfamily: Seven Steps to a Healthy Family* by Ron L. Deal, Minneapolis: Bethany House Publishers (2002).



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT PARENTING

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**PSALM 127:3** Children are a gift from the LORD; they are a reward from him.

**PROVERBS 22:6** Teach your children to choose the right path, and when they are older, they will remain upon it.

**PROVERBS 13:24** If you refuse to discipline your children, it proves you don't love them; if you love your children, you will be prompt to discipline them.

**DEUTERONOMY 6:6-7** And you must commit yourselves wholeheartedly to these commands I am giving you today. Repeat them again and again to your children. Talk about them when you are at home and when you are away on a journey, when you are lying down and when you are getting up again.

**EPHESIANS 6:1-2** Children, obey your parents because you belong to the Lord, for this is the right thing to do. "Honor your father and mother." This is the first of the Ten Commandments that ends with a promise.

**COLOSSIANS 3:21** Fathers, don't aggravate your children. If you do, they will become discouraged and quit trying.

**EXODUS 20:12** "Honor your father and mother. Then you will live a long, full life in the land the LORD your God will give you."

**LEVITICUS 19:32** "Show your fear of God by standing up in the presence of elderly people and showing respect for the aged. I am the LORD."

**MATTHEW 19:13-15** Some children were brought to Jesus so he could lay his hands on them and pray for them. The disciples told them not to bother him. But Jesus said, "Let the children come to me. Don't stop them! For the Kingdom of Heaven belongs to such as these." And he put his hands on their heads and blessed them before he left.



## COUPLE AND FAMILY MAPS

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*“In marrying another person, you are also marrying their family.”*

### **MAPPING YOUR RELATIONSHIP** (see figure on next page)

In the computer report, there is a **Couple Map** which indicates how you each described your couple relationship and a **Family Map** which indicates how you each described your family of origin. These Maps are designed to help you better understand and discuss your couple relationship and families. The fact that families are so diverse can add to the challenge of merging individuals from two families into a couple relationship.

**CLOSENESS:** *Closeness refers to how emotionally connected you feel to your partner and family.* How do you balance separateness and togetherness? Indicators of closeness are I vs. We, loyalty, and independence vs. dependence. There are five levels of closeness. **Balanced levels** (3 central levels) of closeness are most healthy for couples and families, while the two **Unbalanced levels** (2 extreme ends) are more problematic.

**FLEXIBILITY:** *Flexibility refers to how open couples and families are to change.* How do you balance stability and change? Indicators of flexibility are leadership, relationship roles, discipline and rules. As with closeness, there are five levels of flexibility. **Balanced levels** (3 central levels) of flexibility are the most happy and healthy, while the two **Unbalanced levels** (2 extreme ends) are more problematic.

### **COUPLE DISCUSSION:**

- **Compare how you each described your couple relationship.**
  - **Compare your family of origin with your partner’s family on closeness and flexibility.**
  - **Use the examples below to discuss the closeness and flexibility in your families of origin:**
    - Family gatherings during a holiday
    - Celebrating a birthday or anniversary
    - Dinner time / Meal time
    - Handling discipline and parenting responsibilities
    - Closeness in your parent’s marriage
    - Flexibility in your parent’s marriage
    - Caring for a sick family member
    - Adjusting to a stressful change (i.e. a move, job transition).
- 1) How similar or different were your families in terms of closeness and flexibility?
  - 2) How might the similarities or differences impact your current relationship?
  - 3) What from your family of origin would you like to repeat in your couple relationship?
  - 4) What from your family would you not like to repeat in your couple relationship?
  - 5) How satisfied are you with the current level of closeness and flexibility in your couple relationship?
  - 6) Consider ways you might increase or decrease closeness and flexibility (see next section for ideas.)

# Couple & FamilyMap



C L O S E N E S S

DISCONNECTED      SOMEWHAT CONNECTED      CONNECTED      VERY CONNECTED      OVERLY CONNECTED

|                                                                                     |                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                    |                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>FLEXIBILITY INDICATORS</b><br>CHANGE<br>LEADERSHIP<br>ROLE SHARING<br>DISCIPLINE | UNBALANCED OVERLY FLEXIBLE<br>Too much change<br>Lack of leadership<br>Dramatic role shifts<br>Erratic discipline | UNBALANCED OVERLY CONNECTED                                                                                        |                             |
|                                                                                     | FLEXIBILITY INDICATOR<br>CHANGE<br>LEADERSHIP<br>ROLE SHARING<br>DISCIPLINE                                       | BALANCED<br>SOMEWHAT FLEXIBLE TO VERY FLEXIBLE                                                                     | BALANCED                    |
|                                                                                     | CHANGE<br>LEADERSHIP<br>ROLE SHARING<br>DISCIPLINE                                                                | Can change when necessary<br>Shared leadership<br>Role Sharing<br>Democratic discipline                            | BALANCED                    |
|                                                                                     | FLEXIBILITY INDICATORS<br>CHANGE<br>LEADERSHIP<br>ROLE SHARING<br>DISCIPLINE                                      | UNBALANCED INFLEXIBLE<br>Too little change<br>Authoritarian leadership<br>Roles seldom change<br>Strict discipline | UNBALANCED OVERLY CONNECTED |



OVERLY FLEXIBLE

VERY FLEXIBLE

FLEXIBLE

SOMEWHAT FLEXIBLE

INFLEXIBLE

|                                                                                     |                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>CLOSENESS INDICATORS</b><br>"I" vs. "We"<br>CLOSENESS<br>LOYALTY<br>INDEPENDENCE | UNBALANCED<br>Disconnected<br>Too Much (I) Separateness<br>Little Closeness<br>Lack of Loyalty<br>High Independence | BALANCED<br>Somewhat Connected to Very Connected<br>Good I-We Balance<br>Moderate to High Closeness<br>Moderate to High Loyalty<br>Interdependent | UNBALANCED<br>Overly Connected<br>Too Much (We) Togetherness<br>Too Much Closeness<br>Loyalty Demanded<br>High Dependency |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



## COUPLE AND FAMILY MAPS

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### CLOSENESS EXERCISES - PRACTICAL TIPS TO BALANCE YOUR RELATIONSHIP

If you find yourself **“Disconnected”** or **“Somewhat Connected”**, try one or more of these ideas to become more connected:

- Fill in the blanks. Use the following prompts (or some of your own) to discover or rediscover your partner’s innermost feelings. “I feel happy when \_\_\_\_\_”; “I am afraid of \_\_\_\_\_”; “If I had more time, I would \_\_\_\_\_”; “One of my favorite books is \_\_\_\_\_”; “One thing I have never told anyone is \_\_\_\_\_”; “I get really embarrassed when \_\_\_\_\_”; “My favorite meal is \_\_\_\_\_”;
- Say “No” to outside activities that take too much time and energy away from your relationship.
- Participate in community service or volunteering projects together.
- Start having a weekly “date” night.
- Plan and dream together. Create a list of things you would like to do in your life and share your list with your partner.
- Take a class or vacation together.
- Find a hobby or activity you can share with one another.
- Compliment your partner.

If you find yourself **“Overly Connected”** or **“Very Connected”**, try one or more of these ideas to build your independence:

- Maintain, create and nurture friendships with others.
- Take a class alone or with friends.
- Volunteer for something your partner is not involved with.
- Give yourself some alone time walking, jogging, or journaling. Get to know and like yourself. When your tank is full, you’ll have more to share with your partner later.



## COUPLE AND FAMILY MAPS

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### FLEXIBILITY EXERCISES - PRACTICAL TIPS TO BALANCE YOUR RELATIONSHIP

If you find yourself “**Inflexible**” or “**Somewhat Flexible**”, try one or more of these ideas to become more flexible:

- **Share leadership and roles.** If you and your partner have strictly defined roles and leadership patterns, try changing the normal routine.
- **Put away your lists, calendars, and schedules for a day.** Experience the day together without looking at a watch or clock.
- **Brainstorm a list of your roles, and expectations for your relationship.** Revise this list in a way that increases flexibility.
- **Switch roles with your partner for a week.** If your partner normally does the grocery shopping, make this your job for the week while your partner takes over one of your jobs.
- **Do something really spontaneous.** Clear your schedule for a day or week and use the time to meet your partner for a romantic getaway.

If you find yourself “**Overly Flexible**” or “**Very Flexible**”, try one or more of these ideas to add more stability:

- **Add more consistency, tradition and rituals.** Research has found rituals and routines are associated with higher marital satisfaction and stronger family relationships. Rituals create strong bonds and build loving relationships and are organizers of family life. Rituals are more than holidays and rites of passage—daily routines are also very important rituals for couples and families. Daily rituals include mealtime rituals, wake up and bedtime rituals, and everyday greetings and goodbyes.
- **Make a list of household tasks and who will do them.** Negotiate these with your partner.
- **Add more consistency to your parenting.**
- **Keep promises you made to your partner.**



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT FAMILY & FRIENDS

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**PROVERBS 27:9** The heartfelt counsel of a friend is as sweet as perfume and incense.

**1 CORINTHIANS 15:33** Don't be fooled by those who say such things, for "bad company corrupts good character."

**PROVERBS 13:20** Whoever walks with the wise will become wise; whoever walks with fools will suffer harm.

**PROVERBS 14:7** Stay away from fools, for you won't find knowledge there.

**PROVERBS 27:6** Wounds from a friend are better than many kisses from an enemy.



## PERSONALITY

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*Question: Do “opposites attract” or do “birds of a feather flock together”?  
Answer: Both are true.*

### SCOPE OUT YOUR PERSONALITY

Exploring your personality and your partner’s personality, can be a fascinating and fun process. It can also point out challenges for couples who love one another, but have very different personalities and approaches to life.

#### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

First, review the Personality SCOPE section of your computer report.

**1. In what area(s) are your personalities similar?**

- a. How can your similarities be a strength?
- b. How can your similarities create problems?

**2. In what areas are your personalities different?**

- a. How can your differences be a strength?
- b. How can your differences create problems?

**3. Do the roles you fulfill in your relationship match your personality strengths?**  
(i.e. Does the person who scored high on organization manage the checkbook?)

### Dealing with Personality Differences

- **Don’t try to change your partner’s personality. It won’t work!**
- **Remember the positive aspects of your partner’s personality that attracted you in the first place.**
- **Be responsible for yourself. Try to learn behaviors that will positively contribute to your relationship.**
- **How can you use your personality differences as a strength in your relationship?**



## WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT PERSONALITY ISSUES

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**2 PETER 1:5-6** Knowing God leads to self-control. Self-control leads to patient endurance, and patient endurance leads to godliness. Godliness leads to love for other Christians, and finally you will grow to have genuine love for everyone.

**PROVERBS 11:11-12** Upright citizens bless a city and make it prosper, but the talk of the wicked tears it apart. It is foolish to belittle a neighbor; a person with good sense remains silent.

**PROVERBS 11:13** A gossip goes around revealing secrets, but those who are trustworthy can keep a confidence.

**PROVERBS 12:22** The Lord hates those who don't keep their word, but he delights in those who do.

**PROVERBS 25:19** Putting confidence in an unreliable person is like chewing with a toothache or walking on a broken foot.

**PROVERBS 12:25** Worry weighs a person down; an encouraging word cheers a person up.

**PROVERBS 17:22** A cheerful heart is good medicine, but a broken spirit saps a person's strength.

**MATTHEW 6:34** "So don't worry about tomorrow, for tomorrow will bring its own worries. Today's trouble is enough for today."



## GOALS

*“Coming together is a beginning; keeping together is progress; working together is success.”*  
—Henry Ford

### ACHIEVING YOUR GOALS...TOGETHER:

Clarify and define your personal, couple, and family goals for the next few years. Then share them with your partner. Remember your goals should be realistic and clearly stated.

#### Partner 1 Goals

##### Personal Goals

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Partner 2 Goals

##### Personal Goals

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Couple Goals

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Couple Goals

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Family Goals

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Family Goals

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

### COUPLE DISCUSSION:

- Were you surprised by any of your partner’s goals?
- Which goals are most important to you right now?
- What are the current issues surrounding these goals?
- How do your partner’s goals complement or compete with yours?
- How can you each contribute to achieving these goals?
- What will be the first step to make this goal become a reality?

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